User Manual

HandyTone-486 Analog Telephone Adaptor

For SW Release Version 1.0.5.16



Grandstream Networks, Inc.

<u>www.grandstream.com</u>



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1 Welcome

Congratulations on becoming an owner of HandyTone-486. You made an excellent choice and we hope you will enjoy all its capabilities.

Grandstream's award-wining HandyTone-486 is an all-in-one VoIP integrated access device that features superb audio quality, rich functionalities, high level of integration, compactness and ultra-affordability. The HandyTone-486 is fully compatible with SIP industry standard and can interoperate with many other SIP compliant devices and software on the market.

Grandstream HandyTone-486 has been awarded the Best of Show product in 2004 Internet Telephony Conference and Expo.

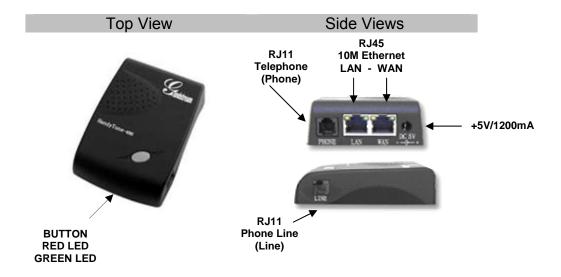


2 Installation

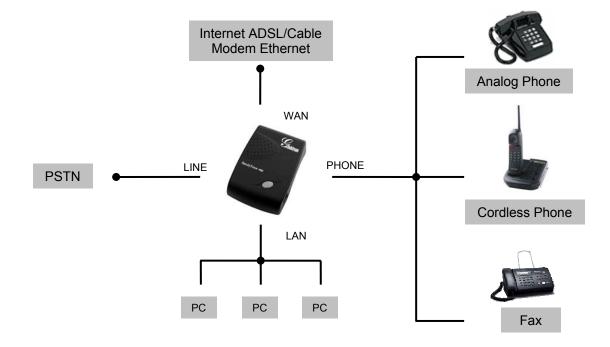
HandyTone-486 Analog Telephone Adaptor is an all-in-one VoIP integrated device designed to be a total solution for networks providing VoIP services.

The HandyTone-486 VoIP functionalities are available via a regular analog telephone.

The following photo illustrates the appearance of a HandyTone-486.



Interconnection Diagram of the HandyTone-486:



3 What is Included in the Package

The HandyTone-486 package contains:

- 1) One HandyTone-486
- 2) One universal power adaptor
- 3) One Ethernet cable

3.1 Safety Compliances

The HandyTone-486 is compliant with various safety standards including FCC/CE and C-tick. Its power adaptor is compliant with UL standard. The HandyTone-486 should only operate with the universal power adaptor provided in the package.

Warning: Please do not attempt to use a different power adaptor. Using other power adaptor may damage the HandyTone-486 and will void the manufacturer warranty.

Caution: Changes or modifications to this product not expressly approved by Grandstream, or operation of this product in any way other than as detailed by this User Manual, could void your manufacturer warranty.

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4 Product Overview

4.1 Key Features

- Supports SIP 2.0(RFC 3261), TCP/UDP/IP, RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP/RARP, DNS, DHCP (both client and server), NTP, PPPoE, STUN, TFTP, etc.
- Built-in router, NAT, Gateway and DMZ port forwarding
- Powerful digital signal processing (DSP) to ensure superb audio quality; advanced adaptive jitter control and packet loss concealment technology
- Support various vocoders including G.711 (alaw and u-law), G.723.1 (5.3K/6.3K), G.726 (40K/32K/24K/16K), as well as G.728, G.729A/B, and iLBC.
- Support Caller ID/Name display or block, Hold, Call Waiting/Flash, Call Transfer, Call Forward, in-band and out-of-band DTMF, Dial Plans, etc.
- Support Call Waiting Caller ID
- Support fax pass through
- Support Silence Suppression, VAD (Voice Activity Detection), CNG (Comfort Noise Generation), Line Echo Cancellation (G.168), and AGC (Automatic Gain Control)
- Support standard encryption and authentication (DIGEST using MD5 and MD5-sess)
- Support for Layer 2 (802.1Q VLAN, 802.1p) and Layer 3 QoS (ToS, DiffServ, MPLS)
- Support automated NAT traversal without manual manipulation of firewall/NAT
- Support device configuration via built-in IVR, Web browser or central configuration file through TFTP or HTTP
- Support firmware upgrade via TFTP or HTTP with encrypted configuration files.
- Ultra compact (wallet size) and lightweight design, great companion for travelers
- Compact, lightweight Universal Power adapter.

4.2 Hardware Specification

The table below describes the difference among these models.

<u>Model</u>	HandyTone-486
LAN interface	1xRJ45 10Base-T
WAN interface	1xRJ45 10Base-T
FXS telephone port	1xFXS
PSTN port	1x life line port
Button	1
LED	Green and red color
Universal Switching Power Adaptor	Input: 100-240VAC 50-60 Hz Output: +5VDC, 1200mA, UL certified
Dimension	70mm (W) 130mm (D) 27mm (H)
Weight	0.6lbs (0.3kg)
Temperature	40 - 130°F 5 – 45°C
Humidity	10% - 90% (non-condensing)
Compliance	F© (E C

5 Basic Operations

5.1 Get Familiar with Key Pad and Voice Prompt

HandyTone-486 has stored a voice prompt menu for quick browsing and simple configuration.

To enter this voice prompt menu, simply press the button or "***" from the analog phone.

Menu	Voice Prompt	User's Options
Main Menu	"Enter a Main Option"	Enter '*' to menu_01
		Enter 00-06, 99 menu option
01	"DHCP Mode",	Enter '9' to toggle the selection
	"Static IP Mode"	
02	"IP Address " + IP address	It will prompt you with the current WAN IP
		address.
		Enter 12 digit new IP address if in Static IP
		Mode
03	"Subnet " + IP address	Same as menu 02
04	"Gateway " + IP address	Same as menu 02
05	"DNS Server " + IP address	Same as menu 02
06	"TFTP Server " + IP address	Same as menu 02
47	"Direct IP Calling"	When entered, you will be prompted a dial
		tone, then enter 12 digit IP address
		This menu can be also entered by
		pressing the button again
86	"Voice Messages Pending"	Enter 9 to dial pre-configured phone
	"No Voice Messages"	number to retrieve VM
99	"RESET"	Enter '9' to confirm the RESET
		Enter MAC address to restore factory
		default setting
	"Invalid Entry"	Automatically return to Main Menu

Notes:

- Once the button is pressed, it enters the voice prompt main menu. If the button is
 pressed again, while it is already in the voice prompt menu state, it jumps to "Direct IP
 Calling" option and dial tone plays in this state
- '*' functions similar to '↓' key of BT-100 phone to select the next menu option
- '#' returns back to main MENU
- '9' is similar to ENTER key in many cases to confirm an option
- All entered digit sequences have known lengths 2 digits for menu option and 12 digits for IP address. Once all digits are accumulated, it automatically processes them.
- Key entry cannot be deleted but the phone may prompt error once it is detected

5.2 Make Phone Calls

5.2.1 Calling phone or extension numbers

There are currently two methods to make an extension number call:

- a) Dial the numbers number directly and wait for 4 (default) seconds.
- b) Dial the numbers directly, and press # (assuming that "use #" as dial key is selected in web configuration).

Other functions available during the call are call-waiting/flash, call-transfer, and call-forwarding.

5.2.2 Direct IP calls

Direct IP calling allows two phones, that is, a HandyTone with an analog phone and another VoIP Device, to talk to each other in an ad hoc fashion without a SIP proxy. VoIP calls can be made between two phones if:

- both HandyTone ATA and other VoIP Device(i.e., another HandyTone ATA or other HandyTone ATA) have public IP addresses, or
- both HandyTone ATA and other VoIP Device(i.e., another HandyTone ATA or other HandyTone ATA) are on the same LAN using private or public IP addresses, or
- Both HandyTone ATA and other VoIP Device(i.e., another HandyTone ATA or other HandyTone ATA) can be connected through a router using public or private IP addresses.

To make a direct IP call, first pick up the analog phone or turn on the speakerphone on the analog phone, then follow Section 4.1 with voice prompt 47, followed by the 12-digit target IP address. Destination ports can also be specified using *4 (encoding for ":") followed by the encoded port number. Following is a table of the encoding scheme for the most commonly used characters:

F	
00	0
01	1
02	2
03	3
04	4
05	5
06	6
07	7
08	8
09	9
*0	. (dot character)
*4	: (column character)

Examples:

If the target IP address is 192.168.0.160, the dialing convention is

Voice Prompt with option 47, then 192168000160

followed by pressing the "#" key if it is configured as a send key or wait for more than 5 seconds. In this case, the default destination port 5060 is used if no port is specified.

If the target IP address/port is 192.168.1.20:5062, then the dialing convention would be: **Voice Prompt with option 47, then 192168001020*45062** followed by pressing the "#" key if it is configured as a send key or wait for 5 seconds.

5.2.3 Blind Transfer

Assume that call party A and B are in conversation. A wants to Blind Transfer B to C:

- 1. A presses FLASH (on the analog phone, or Hook Flash for old model phones) to get a dial tone.
- 2. Then A dials *87 then dials C's number, and then #(or wait for 4 seconds)
- 3. A waits for dial tone and then hangs up. If a busy tone is received the transfer did not succeed.

Note: Call Feature has to be set to YES.

A can hold on to the phone and await one of the three following behaviors:

- A quick confirmation tone (temporarily using the call waiting indication tone) follows by a dial tone. This indicates the transfer has been successful (transferee has received a 200 OK from transfer target). At this point, you can either hang up or make another call.
- A quick busy tone followed by a restored call (On supported platforms only). This
 means the transferee has received a 4xx response for the INVITE and we will try to
 recover the call. The busy tone is just to indicate to the transferor that the transfer has
 failed.
- Busy tone keeps playing. This means we have failed to receive the second NOTIFY
 from the transferee and decide to time out. Note: this does not indicate the transfer
 has been successful, nor does it indicate the transfer has failed. When transferee is a
 client that does not support the second NOTIFY (such as our own earlier firmware),
 this will be the case. In bad network scenarios, this could also happen, although the
 transfer may have been completed successfully.

5.2.4 Attended Transfer

Assume that call party A and B are in conversation. A wants to Attend Transfer B to C:

- 1. A presses FLASH (on the analog phone, or Hook Flash for old model phones) to get a dial tone
- 2. A then dial C's number then # (or wait for 4 seconds), A and C now in conversation.
- 3. Then A can hang up.

Note: When intended Transfer failed, if A hangs up, the HandyTone 486 will ring user A again to remind A that B is still on the call, by pressing FLASH or Hook again will restore conversation between A and B.

5.2.5 Send and Receive PSTN Calls Through PSTN Line Port

Starting with HandyTone 486 Rev 2.0, user will be able to send and receive calls from PSTN. To receive PSTN calls, simply make phone off hook when the analog phone rings. To make a PSTN call, simply press *00 to get the PSTN line dial tone and dial the PSTN number.

5.3 Call Features

5.3.1 Call Features Table

Following table shows the call features of HandyTone-486.

Key	Call Features
*30	Block CallerID (for all-config change)
*31	Send CallerID (for all-config change)
*67	Block CallerID (per call)
*82	Send CallerID (per call)
*50	Disable Call Waiting (for all-config change)
*51	Enable Call Waiting (for all-config change)
*70	Disable Call Waiting. (Per Call)
*71	Enable Call Waiting (Per Call)
*72	Unconditional Call Forward.
	To use this feature, dial "*72" and get the dial tone. Then
	dial the forward number and hang up.
*73	Cancel Unconditional Call Forward
	To cancel "Unconditional Call Forward", dial "*73" and get
	the dial tone, then hang up.
*90	Busy Call Forward
	To use this feature, dial "*90" and get the dial tone. Then
	dial the forward number and hang up.
*91	Cancel Busy Call Forward
	To cancel "Busy Call Forward", dial "*91" and get the dial
	tone, then hang up
*92	Delayed Call Forward
	To use this feature, dial "*92" and get the dial tone. Then

	dial the forward number and hang up.
*93	Cancel Delayed Call Forward
	To cancel this Forward, dial "*93" and get the dial tone,
	then hang up
Flash/Hook	When in conversation, this action will switch to the new
	incoming call if user heard the call waiting sound.
	When in conversation and no incoming call heard, this
	action will switch to a new channel for a new call.

5.3.2 PSTN Pass Through

When HandyTone-486 is out of power, the RJ 11 line jack on the HandyTone-486 side will function as a pass through jack. The user will be able to use the same analog phone for PSTN calls.

5.4 LED Light Pattern Indication

Following are the LED light pattern indication.

RED LED always indicates abnormal status	
DHCP Failed or WAN No Cable	flash every 2 seconds (if DHCP is configured)
HandyTone-486 fails to register	flash every 2 seconds (if SIP server is configured)

GREEN LED always for normal working status	
Message Waiting Indication	Button flashes every 2 seconds
RINGING	Button flashes at 1/10 second
RINGING INTERVAL	Button flashes every second

6 Configuration Guide

6.1 Configuring HandyTone-486 WAN IP through Voice Prompt

6.1.1 DHCP Mode

Follow section 5.1 with voice menu option 01 to enable HandyTone-486 to use DHCP.

6.1.2 STATIC IP Mode

Follow section 5.1 with voice menu option 01 to enable HandyTone-486 to use STATIC IP mode, then use option 02, 03, 04 to set up HandyTone's IP, Subnet Mask, Gateway respectively.

6.2 Configuring HandyTone-486 with Web Browser

HandyTone-486 series ATA has an embedded Web server that will respond to HTTP GET/POST requests. It also has embedded HTML pages that allow a user to configure the HandyTone through a Web browser such as Microsoft's IE and AOL's Netscape.

6.2.1 Access the Web Configuration Menu

The HandyTone-486 HTML configuration menu can be accessed via LAN or WAN port:

From the LAN port use the default LAN gateway IP address:

http://192.168.2.1

• The WAN port HTML configuration menu option is disabled from factory. To access the HTML configuration menu from the WAN port, first enable the "WAN side HTTP access" option by accessing the configuration via LAN port. With the WAN side HTTP access enable, then get the WAN IP address of the HandyTone through section 5.1 with menu option 02. Then the HandyTone's Web Configuration Menu can be accessed by the following URI via WAN port:

http://HandyTone-IP-Address,

where the *HandyTone-IP-Address* is the WAN IP address of the HandyTone-486.

6.2.2 End User Configuration

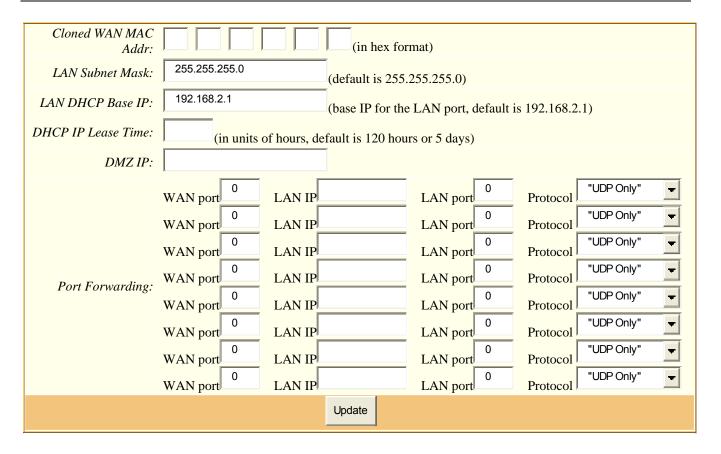
Once this request is entered and sent from a Web browser, the HandyTone-486 will respond with the following login screen:



The password is case sensitive and the factory default password for End User password is '123'.

After the correct password is entered in the login screen, the embedded Web server inside the HandyTone-486 will respond with the Configuration Menu screen which is explained in details below.

Grandstream HandyTone 486 Configuration		
MAC Address:	00.0B.82.01.29.DA	
WAN IP Address:	192.168.0.108	
Product Model:	HT486	
Software Version:	Program1.0.5.16 Bootloader1.0.0.21 HTML—1.0.0.41 VOC1.0.0.7	
	detected NAT type is full cone	
End User Password:	(end user password to configure this IP phone)	
IP Address:	dynamically assigned via DHCP (default) or PPPoE (will attempt PPPoE if DHCP fails and following is non-blank) PPPoE account ID: PPPoE password: Use this DNS server (if specified): IP Address: I	
Time Zone:	current setting is "GMT-5:00 (US Eastern Time, New York)"	
Daylight Savings Time:	Yes (if set to Yes, display time will be 1 hour ahead of normal time)	
NAT/DHCP Server Info	ormation & Configuration:	



MAC Address	The device ID, in HEX format. This is very important ID for ISP troubleshooting.
WAN IP Address	This field shows WAN port IP address.
Product Model	This field contains the product model info.
Software Version	Program: This is the main software release, its number is always used for firmware upgrade. Bootloader: This is normally not changed. HTML: This is the user interface, normally not changed. VOC: This is the codec program, normally not changed.
Detected NAT Type	This field shows what kind NAT the HandyTone is connected to via its WAN port. It is based on STUN protocol.
End User Password	This contains the password to access the Web Configuration Menu. This field is case sensitive.
IP Address	There are 2 modes under which the HandyTone ATA can operate: - If DHCP mode is enabled, then all the field values for the Static IP mode are not used (even though they are still saved in the Flash memory.) The HandyTone ATA will acquire its IP address from the first DHCP server it discovers from the LAN it is connected. To use the PPPoE feature set the PPPoE account settings. The HandyTone will attempt to establish a PPPoE session if any of the PPPoE fields is set. - If Static IP mode is selected, then the IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Router IP address, DNS Server 1 (primary), DNS Server 2 (secondary) fields will need to be configured. These fields are reset to zero by default.
Time Zone	This parameter controls how the displayed date/time will be adjusted according to the specified time zone.
Daylight Savings Time	This parameter controls whether the displayed time will be daylight savings time or not. If set to Yes, then the displayed time will be 1 hour ahead of normal time.
Cloned WAN MAC Address:	Allow the user to set a specific MAC address. Set in Hex format
LAN Subnet Mask	Sets the LAN subnet mask. Default value is 255.255.255.0

LAN DHCP Base IP:	Base IP for the LAN port, which function as a Gateway for the subnet. Default value is 192.168.2.1
DHCP IP Lease Time:	Value is set in units of hours. Default value is 120hr (5 Days.) The time IP address are assigned to the LAN clients
DMZ IP:	Forward all WAN IP traffic to a specific IP address if no matching port is used by HandyTone-486 itself or in the defined port forwarding.
Port Forwarding:	Allow the user to forward a matching (TCP/UDP) port to a specific LAN IP address with a specific (TCP/UDP) port.

6.2.3 Advanced User Configuration

To login to the Advanced User Configuration page, follow the instruction in section 6.2.1 to get to the following login page. The password is case sensitive and the factory default password for Advanced User is 'admin'.

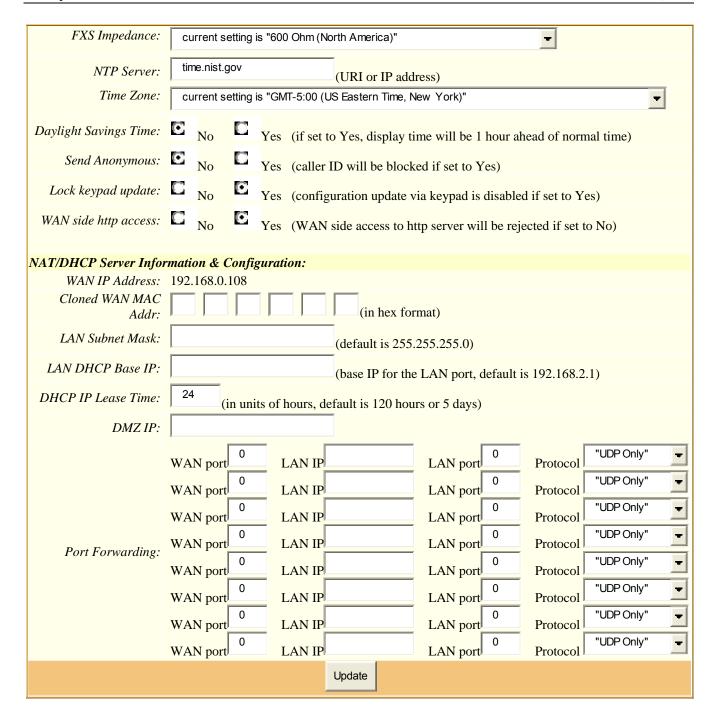


Advanced User configuration page includes not only the end user configuration, but also some advanced configuration such as SIP configuration, Codec selection, NAT Traversal Setting and other miscellaneous configuration. Following is the snap shot of the configuration page.

Gra	andstream HandyTone 486 Configuration
MAC Address:	00.0B.82.01.29.DA
Product Model:	HT486
Software Version:	Program1.0.5.16 Bootloader1.0.0.21 HTML1.0.0.41 VOC1.0.0.7
	detected NAT type is full cone
Admin Password:	(admin user password to configure this IP phone)
End User Password:	(end user password to configure this IP phone)
WAN IP Address:	dynamically assigned via DHCP (default) or PPPoE

	(will attempt PPPoE if DHCP fails and following is non-blank)
	PPPoE account ID:
	PPPoE password:
	Use this DNS server (if specified): 0 0 0 0
	statically configured as:
	IP Address: 192 168 0 108
	Subnet Mask: 255 255 0
	Default Router: 192 168 0 1
	DNS Server 1: 192 168 0 1
	DNS Server 2: 0 0 0
SIP Server:	sip.mycompany.com (e.g., sip.mycompany.com, or IP address)
Outbound Proxy:	(e.g., proxy.myprovider.com, or IP address, if any)
SIP User ID:	(the user part of an SIP address)
Authenticate ID:	(can be identical to or different from SIP User ID)
Authenticate	
Password: Name:	
rvaine.	(optional, e.g., John Doe)
Advanced Options:	
Preferred Vocoder: (in listed order)	choice 1: current setting is "iLBC"
(in tisted order)	choice 2:
	choice 3:
	choice 4: current setting is "PCMA"
	choice 5: current setting is "G728"
	choice 6: current setting is "G729"
	choice 7: choice 7: choice 7:
G723 rate:	
iLBC frame size:	5.5kbps cheoding rate
iLBC payload type:	(between 96 and 127, default is 98)
Silence Suppression:	
Voice Frames per TX:	(up to 10/20/32/64 for G711/G726/G723/other codecs respectively)
Layer 3 QoS:	(Diff-Serv or Precedence value)

Layer 2 QoS:	802.1Q/VLAN Tag 0 802.1p priority value 0 (0-7)
Use DNS SRV:	E No C Yes
User ID is phone number:	E No C Yes
SIP Registration:	C Yes C No
Unregister On Reboot:	E Yes C No
Register Expiration:	(in minutes. default 1 hour, max 45 days)
Early Dial:	Yes (use "Yes" only if proxy supports 484 response)
Dial Plan Prefix:	(this prefix string is added to each dialed number)
No Key Entry Timeout:	(in seconds, default is 4 seconds)
Use # as Dial Key:	No Yes (if set to Yes, "#" will function as the "(Re-)Dial" key)
local SIP port:	(default 5060)
local RTP port:	5004 (1024-65535, default 5004)
Use random port:	C No E Yes
NAT Traversal:	C No
	Yes, STUN server is: (URI or IP:port)
keep-alive interval:	(in seconds, default 20 seconds)
Use NAT IP	(if specified, this IP address is used in SIP/SDP message)
Proxy-Require:	(if specified, the content will appear in Proxy-Require header)
TFTP Upgrade Server:	67 153 142 66 (for remote software upgrade and configuration)
HTTP Upgrade Server:	(IP address or URL)
Auto Upgrade:	No Yes, check for new firmware every days (default 7 days)
SUBSCRIBE for MWI:	No, do not send SUBSCRIBE for Message Waiting Indication
	Yes, send periodical SUBSCRIBE for Message Waiting Indication
Offhook Auto-Dial:	(User ID/extension to dial automatically when offhook)
Enable Call Features:	Yes (if Yes, Call Forwarding & Do-Not-Disturb are supported locally)
Disable Call-Waiting:	No C Yes
Send DTMF:	in-audio via RTP (RFC2833) via SIP INFO
DTMF Payload Type:	101



The HandyTone ATA supports up to 6 different vocoder types including G.711 A-/U- law. G.723.1, G.726, G.728.N. iLBC. Depending on the product model, some of these vocoders may not be provided. Instandard release. A user can configure vocoders in a preference list that will be included with the same preference order in SDP message. The first vocoder in this list can be entered by choosing the appropriate option in "Choice 1". Similarly, the last vocoder in this list can be entered by choosing the appropriate option in "Choice 6". This defines the encoding rate for Gr23 vocoder. By default, 6.3kbps rate is chosen. ILBC frame size: This sets the iLBC size in 20ms or 30ms This defines payload time for iLBC. Default value is 98. The valid range is between 96 and 127. Silence Suppression This controls the silence suppression/VAD feature of Gr23 and Gr29. If set to "Yes", when a silence is detected, small quantity of VAD packets (instead of audio packets) will be sent during the period of no talking. If set to "No", this feature is disabled. Voice Frames per TX This field contains the number of voice frames to be transmitted in a single packet. When setting this value, the user should be aware of the requested packet time (used in SDP message) as a result of configuring this parameter. This parameter is associated with the first vocoder in the above vocoder Preference List or the actual used payload type negotiated between the 2 conversation parties at runt time. e.g., if the first vocoder is configured as Gr23 and the "Voice Frames per TX" is set to be 2, then the "ptime" value in the SDP message of an INVITE request will be 60ms because each Gr23 voice frame contains 30ms of audio. Similarly, if this field is set to be 2 and if the first vocoder is associated with the "ptime" value in the SDP message of an INVITE request will be 20ms. If the configured voice frames per TX exceeds the maximum allowed value, the HandyTone ATA will use and save the maximum allowed value for the corresponding first vocoder choic		
ILBC frame size: This sets the iLBC size in 20ms or 30ms iLBC payload type: This defines payload time for iLBC. Default value is 98. The valid range is between 96 and 127. Silence Suppression This controls the silence suppression/VAD feature of G723 and G729. If set to "Yes", when a silence is detected, small quantity of VAD packets (instead of audio packets) will be sent during the period of no talking. If set to "No", this feature is disabled. Voice Frames per TX This field contains the number of voice frames to be transmitted in a single packet. When setting this value, the user should be aware of the requested packet time (used in SDP message) as a result of configuring this parameter. This parameter is associated with the first vocoder in the above vocoder Preference List or the actual used payload type negotiated between the 2 conversation parties at run time. e.g., if the first vocoder is configured as G723 and the "Voice Frames per TX" is set to be 2, then the "ptime" value in the SDP message of an INVITE request will be 60ms because each G723 voice frame contains 30ms of audio. Similarly, if this field is set to be 2 and if the first vocoder chosen is G729 or G711 or G726, then the "ptime" value in the SDP message of an INVITE request will be 20ms. If the configured voice frames per TX exceeds the maximum allowed value, the HandyTone ATA will use and save the maximum allowed value for the corresponding first vocoder choice. The maximum value for PCM is 10(x10ms) frames; for G726, it is 20 (x10ms) frames; for G723, it is 32 (x30ms) frames; for G729/G728, 64 (x10ms) and 64 (x2.5ms) frames respectively. Layer 3 QoS This field defines the layer 3 QoS parameter which can be the value used for IP Precedence or Diff-Serv or MPLS. Default value is 48. Layer 2 QoS This contains the value used for layer 2 VLAN tag. Default setting is blank. Use DNS SRV: Default is No. If set to Yes the client will use DNS SRV to lookup for the server then this field will be set to "Yes". Otherwise, set it to "No". I	Preferred Vocoder	law, G.723.1, G.726, G.728, G.729A/B, iLBC. Depending on the product model, some of these vocoders may not be provided in standard release. A user can configure vocoders in a preference list that will be included with the same preference order in SDP message. The first vocoder in this list can be entered by choosing the appropriate option in "Choice 1". Similarly, the last vocoder in this list can
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messages to the proxy server. The default setting is "Yes".		then this field will be set to "Yes". Otherwise, set it to "No". If "Yes" is set, a "user=phone" parameter will be attached to the
Unregister on Reboot Default is No. If set to yes, the SIP user will be unregistered on reboot.	SIP Registration	
	Unregister on Reboot	Default is No. If set to yes, the SIP user will be unregistered on reboot.

Register Expiration	This parameter allows the user to specify the time frequency (in minutes) the HandyTone ATA will refresh its registration with the specified registrar. The default interval is 60 minutes (or 1 hour). The maximum interval is 65535 minutes (about 45 days).
Early Dial	Default is No. Use only if proxy supports 484 response
Dial Plan Prefix	Sets the prefix added to each dialed number
No Key Entry timeout	Default is 4 seconds.
Use # as Send Key	This parameter allows the user to configure the "#" key to be used as the "Send" (or "Dial") key. Once set to "Yes", pressing this key will immediately trigger the sending of dialed string collected so far. In this case, this key is essentially equivalent to the "(Re)Dial" key. If set to "No", this # key will then be included as part of the dial string to be sent out.
Local SIP port	This parameter defines the local SIP port the HandyTone ATA will listen and transmit. The default value is 5060.
Local RTP port	This parameter defines the local RTP-RTCP port pair the HandyTone ATA will listen and transmit. It is the base RTP port for channel 0. When configured, channel 0 will use this port_value for RTP and the port_value+1 for its RTCP; channel 1 will use port_value+2 for RTP and port_value+3 for its RTCP. The default value is 5004.
Use Random Port	This parameter, when set to Yes, will force random generation of both the local SIP and RTP ports. This is usually necessary when multiple HandyTone ATAs are behind the same NAT.
NAT Traversal	This parameter defines whether the HandyTone ATA NAT traversal mechanism will be activated or not. If activated (by choosing "Yes") and a STUN server is also specified, then the HandyTone ATA will behave according to the STUN client specification. Under this mode, the embedded STUN client inside the HandyTone ATA will attempt to detect if and what type of firewall/NAT it is behind through communication with the specified STUN server. If the detected NAT is a Full Cone, Restricted Cone, or a Port-Restricted Cone, the HandyTone ATA will attempt to use its mapped public IP address and port in all the SIP and SDP messages it sends out. If this field is set to "Yes" with no specified STUN server, then the HandyTone ATA will periodically (every 10 seconds or so) send a blank UDP packet (with no payload data) to the SIP server to keep the "hole" on the NAT open.
Use NAT IP:	NAT IP address used in SIP/SDP message. Default is blank.
Proxy-Require	SIP Extension to notify SIP server that the unit is behind the NAT/Firewall.
TFTP Server	This is the IP address of the configured TFTP server. If it is non-zero or not blank, the HandyTone ATA will attempt to retrieve new configuration file or new code image from the specified TFTP server at boot time. It will make up to 3 attempts before timeout and then it will start the boot process using the existing code image in the Flash memory. If a TFTP server is configured and a new code image is retrieved, the new downloaded image will be verified and then saved into the Flash memory.
HTTP Upgrade Server	The URL for the HTTP server used for firmware upgrade and configuration via HTTP. For example, http://provisioning.mycompany.com:6688/Grandstream/1.0.5.16 Here ":6688" is the specific TCP port that the HTTP server is listening at, it can be omitted if using default port 80. Note: Auto Upgrade has to be set to Yes to enable HTTP upgrade.

Auto Upgrade	Choose Yes to enable HTTP upgrade and provisioning. In "Check for new firmware every" field, enter the number of days to check the HTTP server for firmware upgrade or configuration.
Subscribe for MWI:	Default is NO. When set to Yes a SUBSCRIBE for Message Waiting Indication will be sent periodically.
Offhook Auto-Dial	This parameter allows a user to configure a User ID or extension number to be automatically dialed upon offhook. Please note that only the user part of a SIP address needs to be entered here. The HandyTone ATA will automatically append the "@" and the host portion of the corresponding SIP address.
Enable Call Features	Default is No. If set to Yes, Call Forwarding & Do-Not-Disturb are supported locally
Disable Call Waiting	Default is No.
Send DTMF	This parameter controls the way DTMF events are transmitted. There are 3 ways: in audio which means DTMF is combined in audio signal (not very reliable with low-bit-rate codec), via RTP (RFC2833), or via SIP INFO.
DTMF Payload Type	This parameter sets the payload type for DTMF using RFC2833
Send Flash Event	This parameter allows a user to control whether to send an SIP NOTIFY message indicating the Flash event, or just to switch to the voice channel when the user presses the Flash key.
FXS Impedance	Selects the impedance of the analog telephone connected to the Phone port.
NTP server	This parameter defines the URI or IP address of the NTP server which the HandyTone ATA will use to display the current date/time.
Send Anonymous	If this parameter is set to "Yes", the "From" header in outgoing INVITE message will be set to anonymous, essentially blocking the Caller ID from displaying.
Lock keypad update	If this parameter is set to "Yes", the configuration update via keypad is disabled.
WAN side http access	If this parameter is set to "No", the HTML configuration update via WAN port is disabled.

6.2.4 Saving the Configuration Changes

Once a change is made, the user should press the "Update" button in the Configuration Menu. The HandyTone ATA will then display the following screen to confirm that the changes have been saved.

Grandstream HandyTone-486 Configuration Update Status

Your configuration changes have been saved. They will take effect on next reboot.

Click to view your changes

Users are recommended to power cycle the HandyTone-486 after seeing the above message.

6.2.5 Rebooting the HandyTone-486 from remote

The administrator of the HandyTone-486 can remotely reboot the HandyTone ATA by pressing the "Reboot" button at the bottom of the configuration menu. Once done, the following screen will be displayed to indicate that rebooting is underway.

Grandstream HandyTone-486 Rebooting Status

The HandyTone-486 is rebooting now...
You may relogin by clicking on the link below in 30 seconds.

Click to relogin

At this point, the user can relogin to the HandyTone ATA after waiting for about 30 seconds.

6.3 Configuration through a Central Server

Grandstream HandyTone ATAs can be automatically configured from a central provisioning system.

When HandyTone ATA boot up, it will send TFTP or HTTP request to download configuration files, there are two configuration files, one is "cfg.txt" and the other is "cfg000b82xxxxxx", where "000b82xxxxxx" is the MAC address of the HandyTone ATA. For more information regarding configuration file format, please refer to the related Grandstream documentation.

The configuration file can be downloaded via TFTP or HTTP from the central server. A service provider or an enterprise with large deployment of HandyTone ATAs can easily manage the configuration and service provisioning of individual devices remotely and automatically from a central server. GAPS (Grandstream Automated Provisioning System) uses enhanced (NAT friendly) TFTP or HTTP(thus no NAT issues) and other communication protocols to communicate with each individual HandyTone ATA for firmware upgrade, remote reboot, etc.

Grandstream provides a licensed provisioning system called GAPS that can be used to support automated configuration of HandyTone ATA. To enable this feature on the HandyTone ATA, a user just needs to enter the IP address of the GAPS server in the TFTP server field of the configuration screen, or enter the HTTP provisioning Server URL in the HTTP Upgrade Server field. Then reboot the HandyTone ATA.

For details on how GAPS works, please refer to the documentation of GAPS product.

7 Software Upgrade

7.1 Upgrade through HTTP

To upgrade software, HandyTone ATAs can be configured with an HTTP server where the new code image file is located. For example, following URL in the HTTP Upgrade Server:

http://firmware.mycompany.com:6688/Grandstream/1.0.5.16

Here, firmware.mycompany.com is the FQDN of the HTTP server, ":6688" is the TCP port the HTTP server listening to, "/Grandstream/1.0.5.16" is the RELATIVE directory to the root dir in HTTP server. Thus, you can put different firmware into different directory as well.

Note: To enable HTTP firmware upgrade, "Auto Upgrade" field has to be set to Yes. In addition, the ATA will check the HTTP server in the number of days that is defined in "Check for new firmware every" field.

7.2 Upgrade through TFTP

To upgrade software, HandyTone ATAs can be configured with a TFTP server where the new code image is located. The TFTP upgrade can work in either static IP or DHCP mode using private or public IP address. It is recommended to set the TFTP server address in either a public IP address or on the same LAN with the HandyTone ATA.

There are two ways to set up the TFTP server to upgrade the firmware, namely through voice menu prompt or via the HandyTone ATA's Web configuration interface. To configure the TFTP server via voice prompt, follow section 5.1 with option 06, once set up the TFTP IP address, power cycle the ATA, the firmware will be fetched once the ATA boots up.

To configure the TFTP server via the Web configuration interface, open up your browser to point at the IP address of the HandyTone ATA. Input the admin password to enter the configuration screen. From there, enter the TFTP server address in the designated field towards the bottom of the configuration screen.

Once the TFTP server is configured, power cycle the HandyTone ATA.

TFTP checking is only performed during the initial power up. If the configured TFTP server is found and a new code image is available, the HandyTone ATA will attempt to retrieve the new image files by downloading them into the HandyTone ATA's SRAM. During this stage, the HandyTone ATA's LEDs will blink until the checking/downloading process is completed. Upon verification of checksum, the new code image will then be saved into the Flash. If TFTP fails for any reason (e.g., TFTP server is not responding, there are no code image files available for upgrade, or checksum test fails, etc), the HandyTone ATA will stop the TFTP process and simply boot using the existing code image in the flash.

TFTP may take as long as 1 to 2 minutes over Internet, or just 20+ seconds if it is performed on a LAN. It is generally recommended to conduct TFTP upgrade in a controlled LAN

environment if possible. For users who do not have local TFTP server, Grandstream provides a NAT-friendly TFTP server on the public Internet for users to download the latest firmware upgrade automatically. Please check the Service or Support section of Grandstream's Web site to obtain this TFTP server IP address.

8 Restore Factory Default Setting

Warning: Restore the Factory Default Setting will delete all configuration information of the device.

Step one: Find the MAC Address of the device. The MAC address of the device is located on the bottom of the device. It is a 12 digits number.

Step two: Encode the MAC address. The encode rule is:

- "2" is the first letter on the button "2" so its encoding is "2".
- "A" is the second letter on button "2" so its encoding is "22".
- "B" is the third letter on button "2" and its encoding is "222".
- "C" is the fourth letter on button "2" and its encoding is "2222".

For example, for MAC address 000b8200e395, the user should encode it as "0002228200333395".

Step three: Access the voice menu, then dial "99" and get the voice prompt "RESET"

Step four: Dial in the encoded MAC address. Once the correct encoded MAC address is dialed in, the device will reboot automatically and restore the factory default setting.